

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA
SOUTHERN DIVISION

DEDRIC JAMAR DEAN,)
#197053,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.) CASE NO. 1:20-CV-990-WHA-KFP
)
MICHAEL CHADWICK, et al.,)
)
Defendants.)

RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Plaintiff Dedric Jamar Dean filed this action pro se pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 .

See Doc. 1. On December 8, 2020, the Court issued two separate Orders directing Plaintiff to immediately inform the Court of any change in his address. Docs. 3, 4. In both Orders, the Court specifically cautioned Plaintiff that failure to provide a correct address to the Court within 10 days following any change of address would result in dismissal of this action. *Id.* Nevertheless, it appears that Plaintiff is no longer located at the last service address on record with the Court.

Accordingly, on March 9, 2023, the Court issued an Order informing Plaintiff that this case cannot proceed if his whereabouts remain unknown and directing him to show cause why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to comply with Court orders. Doc. 27. The Court again cautioned Plaintiff that his failure to comply with the March 9 Order would result in a Recommendation that this case be dismissed. *Id.* The deadline for

Plaintiff to comply with that Order was March 20, 2023; however, the Court has not received a response from Plaintiff.

Because of Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's orders, the undersigned concludes this case should be dismissed without prejudice. *See Moon v. Newsome*, 863 F.2d 835, 837 (11th Cir. 1989) (noting that "dismissal upon disregard of an order, especially where the litigant has been forewarned, generally is not an abuse of discretion") (citations omitted). The authority of courts to impose sanctions for failure to prosecute or obey an order is longstanding and acknowledged by Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *See Link v. Wabash R. Co.*, 370 U.S. 626, 629–30 (1962). This authority "is necessary in order to prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases and to avoid congestion in the calendars of the District Courts." *Id.* It further empowers the courts "to manage their own affairs so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases." *Id.* at 630–31. In this instance, where the Court has made efforts to contact Plaintiff, who has failed to comply with the Court's directives and whose whereabouts remain unknown, the undersigned finds that sanctions lesser than dismissal would not suffice. *See Mingo v. Sugar Cane Growers Co-Op of Fla.*, 864 F.2d 101, 102 (11th Cir. 1989).

Accordingly, based on the foregoing, the undersigned RECOMMENDS this case be DISMISSED without prejudice.

It is further ORDERED that, by **April 18, 2023**, the parties may file objections to this Recommendation. The parties must specifically identify the factual findings and legal conclusions in the Recommendation to which objection is made. Frivolous, conclusive, or

general objections will not be considered. The parties are advised that this Recommendation is not a final order and, therefore, is not appealable.

Failure to file written objections to the Magistrate Judge's findings and recommendations in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) will bar a party from a de novo determination by the District Court of legal and factual issues covered in the Recommendation and waive the right of the party to challenge on appeal the District Court's order based on unobjected-to factual and legal conclusions accepted or adopted by the District Court except on grounds of plain error or manifest injustice. *Nettles v. Wainwright*, 677 F.2d 404 (5th Cir. 1982); 11th Cir. R. 3-1. See *Stein v. Reynolds Sec., Inc.*, 667 F.2d 33 (11th Cir. 1982); see also *Bonner v. City of Prichard, Ala.*, 661 F.2d 1206 (11th Cir. 1981) (en banc).

DONE this 4th day of April, 2023.

/s/ Kelly Fitzgerald Pate
KELLY FITZGERALD PATE
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE